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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please cancel Claim 2 and amend Claims 1, 10, 14, 16-18, 22 and 24 as indicated below.

 (Currently amended) An atomic layer deposition (ALD) process for producing a thin <u>metal silicon oxide (MSiO_x)</u> multicomponent mixed oxide-film on a substrate, the thin multicomponent mixed oxide film comprising silicon, transitional metal, and oxygen, the process comprising a plurality of <u>consecutive</u> deposition cycles that each deposit only a MSiO_x, each cycle comprising:

contacting a substrate in a reactor with a vapor phase silicon compound such that the silicon bonds to the substrate:

contacting the substrate with a vapor phase metal compound such that the metal bonds to the substrate;

converting the bonded silicon and metal compounds into \underline{MSiO}_x a mixed \underline{oxide} -by contacting them with a reactive vapor phase oxygen source; and

purging the reactor with an inert gas after each contacting step and after each converting step.

- 2. (Cancelled)
- (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein the oxygen source compound is selected from the group consisting of water, oxygen, ozone, and hydrogen peroxide.
- 4. (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein the metal compound is a metal halide.
- (Original) The process of Claim 4, wherein the metal compound is hafnium tetrachloride.
- 6. (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein the silicon compound is a silicon halide.
- (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein the silicon compound is selected from the group consisting of silicon tetrachloride, hexachlorodisilane, and hexachlorodisiloxane.
- (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein the deposition occurs at a temperature range of between 150°C and 450°C.

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> (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein the deposition occurs at a temperature range of between 300°C and 350°C.

- (Currently Amended) The process of Claim 1, wherein the thin <u>MSiO_x</u> multicomponent oxide film is formed on a hemispherical grain structure.
- (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein the substrate is a grooved flat material.
 - 12. (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein the substrate is a flat material.
- (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein the substrate is a bottom electrode of a Dynamic Random Access Memory capacitor.
- (Currently Amended) The process of Claim 1, further comprising depositing a high dielectric constant material over the thin <u>MSiO_x</u> multicomponent-oxide film.
- (Original) The process of Claim 14, wherein the high dielectric constant material is an oxide of the metal in the metal compound.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The process of Claim 1, wherein the thin <u>MSiOx</u> multicomponent-oxide film is deposited on a silicon interface to form part of a transistor gate dielectric.
- (Currently Amended) The process of Claim 16, further comprising depositing a high dielectric constant material over the thin MSiO_x-multicomponent-oxide film.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The process of Claim 1, wherein the thin $\underline{\text{MSiO}}_x$ multicomponent-oxide-film forms an interlayer in a transistor gate oxide.
- 19. (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein a ratio of silicon compound contacting steps to metal compound contacting steps during the ALD process is in the range of one to ten and ten to one.
- 20. (Original) The process of Claim 19, wherein the ratio of silicon compound contacting steps to metal compound contacting steps during the ALD process is one to one.
- (Original) The process of Claim 1, wherein converting comprises separate oxidation steps following each of the contacting steps.

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22. (Currently amended) An atomic layer deposition (ALD) process for producing a thin multicomponent mixed metal silicon_oxide (MSiO_x) film comprising silicon, a transitional metal, and oxygen—on a substrate, the process comprising: consecutively repeating a deposition cycle for depositing MSiO_x until a multicomponent mixed—oxide MSiO_x film_of the desired thickness is formed, the deposition cycle comprising:

pulsing a vapor phase silicon compound into a chamber such that the-silicon compound bonds to the substrate;

pulsing a first reactive vapor phase oxygen source into the chamber to convert the bonded silicon compound into an oxide-by-contacting-them-with-a-reactive-vapor phase-oxygen-source;

pulsing a vapor phase metal compound into the chamber such that the-metal compound bonds to the substrate:

pulsing a second reactive vapor phase oxygen source into the chamber to convert the bonded metal compound into an oxide; and

purging the reactor with an inert gas after each pulsing.

- (Original) The process of Claim 22, wherein the first oxygen source is the same as the second oxygen source.
- 24. (Currently amended) A method of manufacturing a gate dielectric film comprising a emplete mixed metal silicon oxide (MSiO₂) on a substrate, the method comprising:

adsorbing a layer of a silicon compound on the substrate in a self-limiting reaction;

adsorbing a layer of a metal compound on the substrate in a self-limiting reaction; converting the adsorbed silicon and metal compounds into a tertiary metal silicon oxide by contact with a reactive vapor phase oxygen source compound; and

purging the reactor with an inert gas after each contacting step and after each converting step; and wherein the adsorbing and converting steps form a deposition cycle that is are-repeated multiple times in a row to form a complete mixed the MSiO_x oxide in a layer of a desired thickness.

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(Cancelled)

- (Original) The method of Claim 24, wherein the oxygen source compound is selected from the group consisting of water, oxygen, ozone, and hydrogen peroxide
- (Original) The method of Claim 24, wherein the metal compound is a metal halide.
- (Original) The method of Claim 24, wherein the metal compound is hafnium tetrachloride.
- 29. (Original) The method of Claim 24, wherein the silicon compound a silicon halide.
- 30. (Original) The method of Claim 24, wherein the silicon compound is selected from the group consisting of silicon tetrachloride, hexachlorodisilane, and hexachlorodisiloxane.
- 31. (Original) The method of Claim 24, wherein the silicon compound is converted into an oxide by contact with a reactive vapor phase oxygen source before the introduction of the metal compound.
- 32. (Original) The method of Claim 24, wherein the deposition occurs at a temperature range of between 150°C and 450°C.
- 33. (Original) The method of Claim 24, wherein the deposition occurs at a temperature range of between 300°C and 350°C.
- 34. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the substrate is contacted with the vapor phase silicon compound multiple times in each deposition cycle.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 22, wherein pulsing the vapor phase silicon compound and pulsing the first reactive vapor phase oxygen source are repeated multiple times in each cycle.